



Agenda for a meeting of the Bradford District Licensing Panel to be held on Tuesday, 31 October 2023 at 11.30 am in Committee Room 1 - City Hall, Bradford

Members of the Committee – Councillors

LABOUR	LIBERAL DEMOCRAT	ILKLEY INDEPENDENT
Slater	Naylor	Hawkesworth

Notes:

- This agenda can be made available in Braille, large print or tape format on request by contacting the Agenda contact shown below.
- The taking of photographs, filming and sound recording of the meeting is allowed except if Councillors vote to exclude the public to discuss confidential matters covered by Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972. Recording activity should be respectful to the conduct of the meeting and behaviour that disrupts the meeting (such as oral commentary) will not be permitted. Anyone attending the meeting who wishes to record or film the meeting's proceedings is advised to liaise with the Agenda Contact who will provide guidance and ensure that any necessary arrangements are in place. Those present who are invited to make spoken contributions to the meeting should be aware that they may be filmed or sound recorded.
- If any further information is required about any item on this agenda, please contact the officer named at the foot of that agenda item.

From:

Asif Ibrahim
Director of Legal and Governance
Agenda Contact: Asad Shah
Phone: 07970 414022
E-Mail: asad.shah@bradford.gov.uk

A. PROCEDURAL ITEMS

1. DISCLOSURES OF INTEREST

(Members Code of Conduct – Part 4A of the Constitution)

To receive disclosures of interests from members and co-opted members on matters to be considered at the meeting. The disclosure must include the nature of the interest.

An interest must also be disclosed in the meeting when it becomes apparent to the member during the meeting.

Notes:

- (1) *Members must consider their interests, and act according to the following:*

Type of Interest	You must:
<i>Disclosable Pecuniary Interests</i>	<i>Disclose the interest; not participate in the discussion or vote; and leave the meeting <u>unless</u> you have a dispensation.</i>
<i>Other Registrable Interests (Directly Related)</i> OR <i>Non-Registrable Interests (Directly Related)</i>	<i>Disclose the interest; speak on the item <u>only if</u> the public are also allowed to speak but otherwise not participate in the discussion or vote; and leave the meeting <u>unless</u> you have a dispensation.</i>
<i>Other Registrable Interests (Affects)</i> OR <i>Non-Registrable Interests (Affects)</i>	<i>Disclose the interest; remain in the meeting, participate and vote <u>unless</u> the matter affects the financial interest or well-being</i> <i>(a) to a greater extent than it affects the financial interests of a majority of inhabitants of the affected ward, and</i> <i>(b) a reasonable member of the public knowing all the facts would believe that it would affect your view of the wider public interest; in which case speak on the item <u>only if</u> the public are also allowed to speak but otherwise not do not participate in the discussion or vote; and leave the meeting <u>unless</u> you have</i>

a dispensation.

- (2) *Disclosable pecuniary interests relate to the Member concerned or their spouse/partner.*
- (3) *Members in arrears of Council Tax by more than two months must not vote in decisions on, or which might affect, budget calculations, and must disclose at the meeting that this restriction applies to them. A failure to comply with these requirements is a criminal offence under section 106 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992.*
- (4) *Officers must disclose interests in accordance with Council Standing Order 44.*

2. INSPECTION OF REPORTS AND BACKGROUND PAPERS

(Access to Information Procedure Rules – Part 3B of the Constitution)

Reports and background papers for agenda items may be inspected by contacting the person shown after each agenda item. Certain reports and background papers may be restricted.

Any request to remove the restriction on a report or background paper should be made to the relevant Strategic Director or Assistant Director whose name is shown on the front page of the report.

If that request is refused, there is a right of appeal to this meeting.

Please contact the officer shown below in advance of the meeting if you wish to appeal.

(Asad Shah - 07970 414022)

B. BUSINESS ITEMS

3. APPLICATION FOR A REVIEW OF A PREMISES LICENCE FOR FOOD MASTER, 284 LEEDS ROAD, SHIPLEY, BD18 1DZ.

1 - 48

The Assistant Director, Waste, Fleet and Transport Services will present a report (**Document “T”**) which invites Members to consider an application for review of a Premises Licence authorising the sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises in respect of Food Master, 284 Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1DZ.

Recommended –

Members are invited to consider the information and documents referred to in Document “T” and after hearing individuals, bodies or businesses, determine the related application.

(Melanie McGurk – 01274 431873)

THIS AGENDA AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS HAVE BEEN PRODUCED, WHEREVER POSSIBLE, ON RECYCLED PAPER



Report of the Assistant Director Waste, Fleet & Transport Services to the meeting of Bradford District Licensing Panel to be held on 31 October 2023.

T

Subject:

Application for a Review of a Premises Licence for Food Master, 284 Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1DZ.

Summary statement:

Application for review of a Premises Licence authorising the sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises.

EQUALITY & DIVERSITY

The Council has to comply with the public sector equality duty in S.149 Equality Act 2010.

Susan Spink
Assistant Director
Waste, Fleet & Transport Services

Report Contact: Melanie McGurk
Senior Licensing Officer
Phone: (01274) 431873
E-mail: melanie.mcgurk@bradford.gov.uk

Portfolio:

Neighbourhoods & Community Safety

Overview & Scrutiny Area:

Corporate

1. SUMMARY

The application is for the review of a premises licence authorising the sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises.

A copy of the Licence is attached at Appendix 1.

2. BACKGROUND

2.1 The Premises

Food Master, 284 Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1DZ.

2.2 Premises Licence holder

Mr Azhy Othman.

2.3 Application Received asking for a Review of the Licence

Responsible Authority

West Yorkshire Trading Standards, have applied for a review of the premises licence.

On 15 February 2023, a test purchase of counterfeit cigarettes was made. A male working at the store retrieved the cigarettes from his pocket.

On 20 February 2023, an inspection visit was made. Working there was Mr Jwanro Othman who is believed to be the father of the licence holder. Five unopened packets of Illegal cigarettes were in his pockets. More illegal tobacco was recovered from a box in the cold room at the rear of the store and from a motor vehicle parked in front of the store, the keys for which were obtained from behind the sales counter. Illegal vapes were also seized.

Mr Othman consented to a search of his home address, where further substantial quantities of illegal counterfeit/illicit cigarettes and hand rolling tobacco were recovered from his car parked on the drive and the garden shed at the address.

In order to address the prevention of crime and disorder objective and public safety objective, West Yorkshire Trading Standards would recommend revocation of the licence.

The application for review is attached at Appendix 2

2.4 Relevant Representations Received



Individual, Body or Business

A representation in support of the premises licence holder has been received.

The representation is attached at Appendix 3.

3. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Legal Appraisal

3.1 The Licensing Act 2003 requires the Council to carry out its various licensing functions so as to promote the following four licensing objectives:

- a) the prevention of crime and disorder
- b) public safety
- c) the prevention of public nuisance
- d) the protection of children from harm

3.2 The Council must also have regard to the Guidance issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003. Paragraphs 11.1 to 11.29 of the Guidance specifically details how applications for review of licences should be determined. Regard must also be taken of the Council's statement of Licensing Policy for the District.

An extract of the Home Office Guidance is attached to this report at Appendix 4.

3.3 Where it is decided it is necessary to depart from the statutory guidance or the Licensing Policy on the merits of a particular case; then special reasons justifying this must be given that can be sustained.

3.4 Only "relevant representations" can be taken into account. In order to be "relevant" a representation must fairly relate to achieving a licensing objective. If it does not, it must be discounted.

3.5 Any licensing conditions that Members may propose attaching must also relate to achieving one of the licensing objectives; be tailored to the actual premises and style of licensable activity; must be reasonably achievable by the applicant and in his/her control.

Statement of Policy Issues

3.6 The following parts of the licensing policy are of particular importance; Part 4 Prevention of Crime and Disorder and Part 5 Public Safety.

3.7 The annexes to the policy sets out various types of model condition that could be considered.



4. FINANCIAL & RESOURCE APPRAISAL

There are no apparent finance or resource implications.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE ISSUES

There are no apparent risk management implications.

6. LEGAL APPRAISAL

Referred to in part 3 of this report.

7. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

7.1 SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS

There are no apparent sustainability implications.

7.2 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACTS

There are no apparent implications.

7.3 COMMUNITY SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

When determining the application the Licensing Authority is required to pay due regard to the licensing objectives referred to in 3.1 of this report.

7.4 HUMAN RIGHTS ACT

The following rights are applicable:

Article 1 First Protocol to the Convention – Right to peaceful enjoyment of possessions subject to the state’s right to control the use of property in accordance with the general interest. The Council’s powers set out in the recommendations fall within the states right. A fair balance must be struck between public safety and the applicant’s rights.

Article 6 – A procedural right to a fair hearing. As refusal of the application is an option, adherence to the Panels’ usual procedure of affording a hearing to the applicant is very important. The applicant should also be able to examine the requirements of the fire authority. If the decision is to refuse then reasons should be given.

7.5 TRADE UNION

Not applicable.



7.6 WARD IMPLICATIONS

Ward Councillors have been notified of receipt of the application.

7.7 IMPLICATIONS FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

There are no apparent implications.

7.8 ISSUES ARISING FROM PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESMENT

There are no apparent data protection or information security implications.

8. NOT FOR PUBLICATION DOCUMENTS

None.

9. OPTIONS

9.1 Members may:

- (a) Reject the application for review of the licence; or
- (b) Decide not to impose any further restrictions on the licence; or
- (c) Decide to impose additional restrictions or remove any licensable activities on the licence, where necessary in order to address the licensing objectives; or
- (d) Suspend the licence for a period not exceeding 3 months; or
- (e) Revoke the premises licence; or
- (f) Remove the named Designated Premises Supervisor from the Licence.

9.2 Should the applicant or any other party to the hearing feel aggrieved at any decision with regard to the licence or to any conditions or restrictions attached by Members they may appeal to the Magistrates Court.

10. RECOMMENDATIONS

Members are invited to consider the information and documents referred to in this report and, after hearing interested parties, determine the related application(s).

11. APPENDICES

- 1. Premises Licence.



2. Application for review received 7 September 2023.
3. Representation in support
4. Extract from the Government Guidance.
5. Location plan of premises.

12. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

Application form, plan etc.



Licensing Act 2003 - Premises Licence

Licence No: 202300

Date Issued: 16 March 2023

Part 1 - Premises Details

POSTAL ADDRESS OF PREMISES, OR IF NONE, ORDNANCE SURVEY MAP REFERENCE OR DESCRIPTION

Food Master

284 Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1DZ

WHERE THE LICENCE IS TIME LIMITED THE DATES

Not applicable

DATE FIRST GRANTED - ANNUAL FEE DATE

Licensing Act 2003 Fees Regulations 2005

1 March 2016

LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES AUTHORISED BY THE LICENCE

Provision of Late Night Refreshment
The Supply of Alcohol

THE TIMES THE LICENCE AUTHORISES THE CARRYING OUT OF LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES

Provision of Late Night Refreshment Indoors and Outdoors	Mon 23:00-02:00 Tue 23:00-02:00 Wed 23:00-02:00 Thu 23:00-02:00 Fri 23:00-02:00 Sat 23:00-02:00 Sun 23:00-02:00
The Supply of Alcohol	Mon 07:00-02:00 Tue 07:00-02:00 Wed 07:00-02:00 Thu 07:00-02:00 Fri 07:00-02:00 Sat 07:00-02:00 Sun 07:00-02:00

THE OPENING HOURS OF THE PREMISES

Mon 07:00-02:00
Tue 07:00-02:00
Wed 07:00-02:00
Thu 07:00-02:00
Fri 07:00-02:00
Sat 07:00-02:00
Sun 07:00-02:00

WHERE THE LICENCE AUTHORISES SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL WHETHER THIS IS ON AND/OR OFF SUPPLIES

The Supply of Alcohol Off Premises

Part 2

NAME, (REGISTERED) ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER AND EMAIL (WHERE RELEVANT) OF HOLDER OF PREMISES LICENCE

Mr Azhy Othman
■ Woodend Mews, Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1BQ

REGISTERED NUMBER OF HOLDER, FOR EXAMPLE COMPANY NUMBER, CHARITY NUMBER (WHERE APPLICABLE)

NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR WHERE THE PREMISES LICENCE AUTHORISES THE SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL

Mr Azhy Othman
■ Woodend Mews, Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1BQ

PERSONAL LICENCE NUMBER AND ISSUING AUTHORITY OF PERSONAL LICENCE HELD BY DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR WHERE THE PREMISES LICENCE AUTHORISES FOR THE SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL

Licence Number: 224057 Issued By: Bradford

ANNEXES

Annex 1 – Mandatory Conditions

REQUIREMENT FOR A DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR

No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:

- (a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
- (b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.

AUTHORISATION OF PERSONAL LICENCE HOLDER

Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

AGE VERIFICATION

The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.

The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.

The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either –

- a) a holographic mark, or
- b) an ultraviolet feature.

DUTY & TAX

A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.

For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1:

(a) 'duty' is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979,

(b) 'permitted price' is the price found by applying the formula 'P' equals 'D' plus ('D' times 'V'), where-

- (i) P is the permitted price,
- (ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and
- (iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol,

(c) 'relevant person' means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence-

- (i) the holder of the premises licence,
- (ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or
- (iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence,

(d) 'relevant person' means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question, and

(e) 'value added tax' means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994.

Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from this paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.

Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ('the first day') would be different from the permitted price on the next day ('the second day') as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.

The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

Annex 2 – Conditions Consistent with Operating Schedule

All Four Licensing Objectives

None.

The Prevention Of Crime And Disorder

None.

Public Safety

None.

The Prevention Of Public Nuisance

None

The Protection Of Children From Harm

None.

Annex 3 – Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority

1. The premises shall install and maintain a comprehensive digital colour CCTV system. All public areas of the licensed premises, including all public entry and exit points. The CCTV cameras shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and recording shall be kept available and unedited for a minimum of 28 days with the date and time stamping. A staff member who is conversant with the operation of the CCTV system shall be present on the premises at all times when they are open to the public and must be able to produce / download / burn CCTV images upon request by a police officer or an authorised officer of the licensing authority. Any footage must be in a format so it can be played back on a standard personal computer or standard DVD player. Where the recording is on a removable medium (i.e. compact disc, flash card etc.), a secure storage system to store those recording mediums shall be provided.

2. An incident log (which may be electronically recorded) be kept at the premises for at least six months, and made available on request to the Police or an authorised officer of the licensing authority, which will record the following incidents including pertinent details: (a) all crimes reported to the venue, or by the venue to the Police (b) all ejections of patrons (c) any incidents of disorder (d) any faults in the CCTV system (e) any visit by a relevant authority or emergency service

3. The Designated Premises Supervisor shall ensure that a written notice of authority is kept at the premises for all staff who sell alcohol. The notice shall be made available for inspection upon request of the police or an authorised officer of the licensing authority and all staff 2 selling alcohol must be in possession of formal identification to enable to verify their identity against the notice.

4. The premise will have smoke detectors and fire extinguishers.

5. Prominent signs be displayed at all public exits to the premises

requesting customers to be quiet on leaving and entering.

6. The DPS and staff, at all times be vigilant, in terms of monitoring and prevention of litter within the vicinity of the outlet.

7. All staff be trained in Challenge 25 and sign to say they understand their role. Legal notices will be displayed that to warn minors ID checks are used at all times. A record of all incidents will be kept on site for inspection. Staff will undergo refresher training at 6 monthly intervals.

8. No persons under the age of 16 years shall be allowed on the premises if not accompanied by an adult after 22:00.

Licensing Act 2003 - Premises Licence Summary

Licence No: 202300

Date Issued: 16 March 2023

Premises Details

POSTAL ADDRESS OF PREMISES, OR IF NONE, ORDNANCE SURVEY MAP REFERENCE OR DESCRIPTION

Food Master

284 Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1DZ

WHERE THE LICENCE IS TIME LIMITED THE DATES

Not applicable

DATE FIRST GRANTED - ANNUAL FEE DATE

Licensing Act 2003 Fees Regulations 2005

1 March 2016

LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES AUTHORISED BY THE LICENCE

Provision of Late Night Refreshment
The Supply of Alcohol

THE TIMES THE LICENCE AUTHORIZES THE CARRYING OUT OF LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES

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Sun 07:00-02:00

WHERE THE LICENCE AUTHORISES SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL WHETHER THIS IS ON AND/OR OFF SUPPLIES

The Supply of Alcohol Off Premises

NAME AND (REGISTERED) ADDRESS OF HOLDER OF PREMISES LICENCE

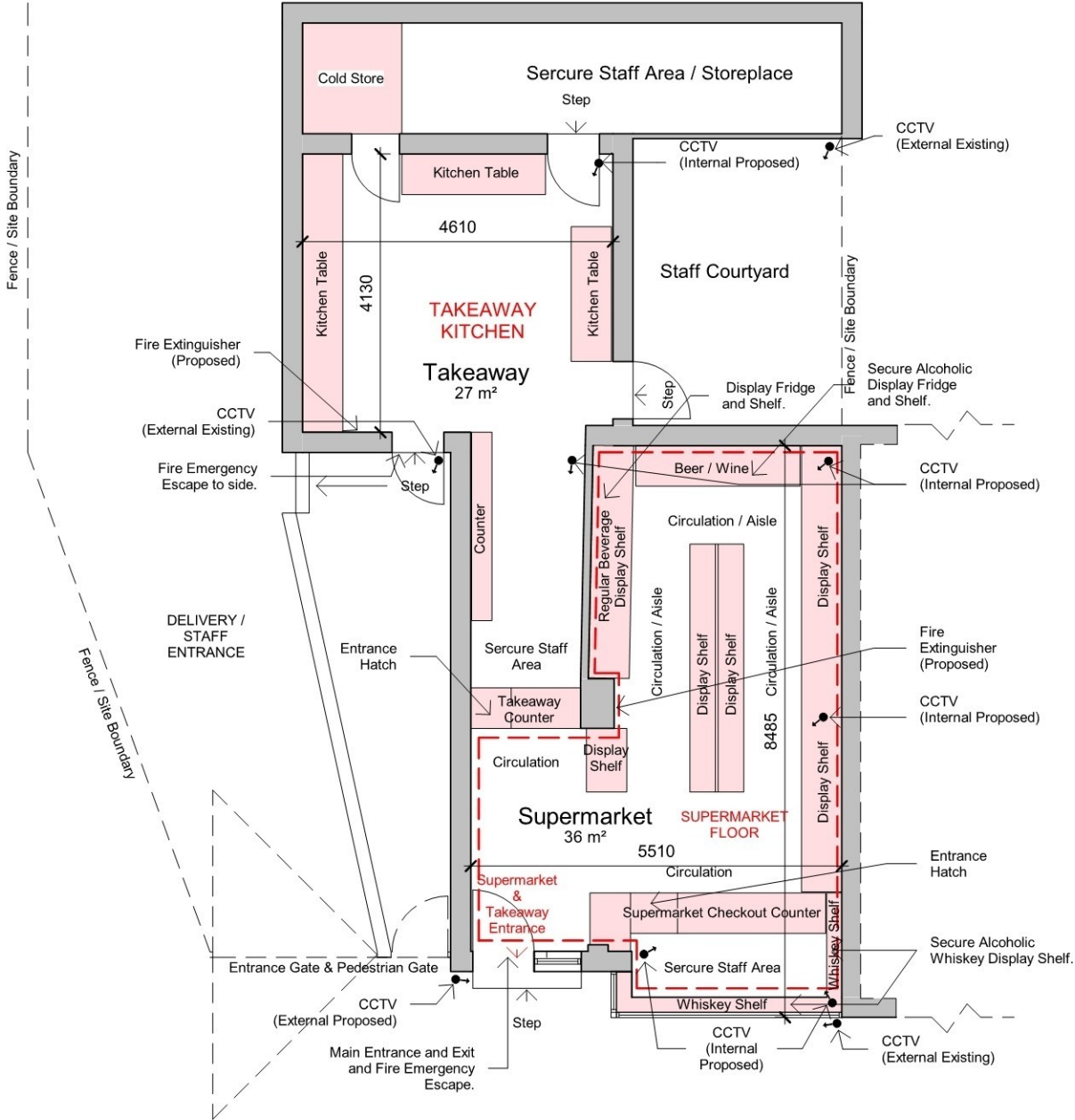
Mr Azhy Othman
■ Woodend Mews, Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1BQ

REGISTERED NUMBER OF HOLDER, FOR EXAMPLE COMPANY NUMBER, CHARITY NUMBER (WHERE APPLICABLE)**NAME OF DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR WHERE THE PREMISES LICENCE AUTHORISES THE SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL**

Mr Azhy Othman

WHETHER ACCESS TO THE PREMISES BY CHILDREN IS RESTRICTED OR PROHIBITED

No persons under the age of 16 years shall be allowed on the premises if not accompanied by an adult after 22:00.



PROPOSED FLOOR PLAN

KEY:

- Alcohol Designated Area
- CCTV

<p>COPYRIGHT</p> <p>This Drawing, design proposal and its contents are protected by copyright and can only be used under license and with the expressed authority of the Designer.</p>	<h1>FOOD MASTER</h1>	<p>Jwanro Othman</p>		<p>284 Leeds Road, Shipley BD18 1BQ</p>
		Date	09/09/22	
		Scale	1 : 100	

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Application for the review of a premises licence or club premises certificate under the Licensing Act 2003

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary.
You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

I David Mullins acting on behalf of West Yorkshire Trading Standards Service

apply for the review of a premises licence under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in Part 1 below

Part 1 – Premises or club premises details

Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnance survey map reference or description	
<p style="text-align: center;">Foodmaster 284 Leeds Road Shipley</p>	
Post town Bradford	Post code (if known) BD18 1DZ

Name of premises licence holder or club holding club premises certificate (if known)
Mr Azhy Othman

Number of premises licence or club premises certificate (if known)
202300

Part 2 - Applicant details

I am

Please tick yes

- 1) an interested party (please complete (A) or (B) below)
- a) a person living in the vicinity of the premises
 - b) a body representing persons living in the vicinity of the premises
 - c) a person involved in business in the vicinity of the premises
 - d) a body representing persons involved in business in the vicinity of the premises

- 2) a responsible authority (please complete (C) below)
- 3) a member of the club to which this application relates (please complete (A) below)

(A) DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT (fill in as applicable)

Please tick

Mr Mrs Miss Ms Other title
(for example, Rev)

Surname

First names

I am 18 years old or over

Please tick yes

Current postal address if different from premises address

Post town

Post Code

Daytime contact telephone number

E-mail address (optional)

(B) DETAILS OF OTHER APPLICANT

Name and address

Telephone number (if any)

E-mail address (optional)

(C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY APPLICANT

Name and address West Yorkshire Trading Standards Service PO Box 5 Nepshaw Lane South Morley Leeds LS27 7JQ (Case Officer: David Mullins)
Telephone number (if any) 0113 5350000
E-mail address (optional) David.mullins@wyjs.org.uk

This application to review relates to the following licensing objective(s)

Please tick one or more boxes

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1) the prevention of crime and disorder | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2) public safety | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 3) the prevention of public nuisance | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4) the protection of children from harm | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Please state the ground(s) for review (please read guidance note 1)

Mr **Azhy Othman** is the Premises Licence Holder and Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS) for the business trading as **Boozemaster Foodmaster, 284 Leeds Road, Shipley, Bradford, BD18 1DZ**. Mr Othman has held these positions throughout the period covered by the activities described in this application. Mr Othman is therefore responsible for ensuring the business operates in accordance with the terms of its premises licence and upholds the Licensing Objectives, particularly Prevention of Crime and Disorder, at all times.

The facts of the case are as follows:

The retail premises, **Boozemaster Foodmaster, 284 Leeds Road, Shipley, Bradford, BD18 1DZ** came to the attention of West Yorkshire Trading Standards Service (WYTSS) following information received which indicated that the business was dealing in illegal tobacco. The business is a limited

company, Booze Master Shipley Ltd, incorporated on 07/02/2023 with a sole director, the licensee Mr Azhy Othman.

On 15th February 2023, a Trading Standards Officer in plain clothes attended the store to make a test purchase. A counterfeit packet of 20 Richmond cigarettes was purchased for £6.00. The male working in the store obtained the cigarettes from his pocket. The normal price for this item is over £10, over £6.00 of which is Excise Duty.

On 20th February 2023, Trading Standards Officers conducted an inspection visit at the store. Working there was Mr Jwanro Othman who is believed to be the father of the Licensee and stated he owned the business. He had 5 unopened packets of illegal cigarettes in his pockets. More illegal tobacco was recovered from a box in the cold room at the rear of the store and from a motor vehicle parked in front of the store, the keys for which were obtained from behind the sales counter. There was a quantity of illegal, oversize disposable vapes for sale behind the counter which were also seized.

Mr Othman consented to a search of his home address which is just down the road from the store. Further substantial quantities of illegal counterfeit/illicit cigarettes and hand rolling tobacco were recovered from his car parked on the drive and the garden shed, at the address.

The total amount seized was 1,018 x 20 packets of cigarettes (20,360) and 275 x 50g pouches of hand rolling tobacco(13.75kg).

The tobacco products recovered during the visit are not labelled with the statutory health warnings required by the Tobacco and Related Products Regulations 2016 and did not have the plain packaging as required by the Standardised Packaging of Tobacco Products Regulations 2015. Other offences being committed include ones under the Trade Marks Act 1994, Companies Act 2006 and Customs and Excise Management Act 1979. By committing these offences, the licence holder is clearly failing to uphold the licencing objective to prevent crime and disorder.

The statutory health warnings which are absent on these tobacco products include "Smoking Kills" and "Smoking seriously harms you and others around you". These warnings were implemented to enhance the public's knowledge about the dangers and risks of using such tobacco products. All cigarettes pose a major health risk and contain hundreds of poisons, including dozens of cancer-causing chemicals. Over half of long-term smokers die early of smoking related diseases.

The supply of cheap and illicit tobacco significantly undermines the government's policy of using tax to maintain the high price of tobacco and help reduce smoking.

By selling cigarettes in packaging which does not comply with the Regulations at around half the normal retail price, reducing the incentive for smokers to cut down and quit smoking, the premises licence holder is failing in its licencing objective to protect public safety.

Dealers in cheap and illicit tobacco products reap the financial benefits of supplying cheap cigarettes and tobacco at the expense of legitimate retailers by providing unfair competition to shops selling the genuine tax paid products. This may lead to honest retailers closing down and cause local economies to suffer.

The supply of illicit and counterfeit tobacco products costs the taxpayer over £2.5 billion per year in lost revenue.

The current Home Office Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 states: -

11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are

the use of the licensed premises for certain stated activity and includes:

- for the sale or storage of smuggled tobacco and alcohol.

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered.

By selling smuggled and counterfeit tobacco products the owners of this business have shown a blatant disregard for the law and licencing objectives. **West Yorkshire Trading Standards, as a Responsible Authority, considers the matters outlined above to be extremely serious and therefore recommends a full revocation of the premises licence.**

Please provide as much information as possible to support the application
(please read guidance note 2)

Please see attached package of papers to support this submission:

Section 9 Statements from:

N Akhtar

B Hussain

A Field

Photographs of the seized tobacco

Please tick yes

Have you made an application for review relating to this premises before

If yes please state the date of that application

Day Month Year

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

If you have made representations before relating to this premises please state what they were and when you made them

Please tick yes

- I have sent copies of this form and enclosures to the responsible authorities and the premises licence holder or club holding the club premises certificate, as appropriate **X**
- I understand that if I do not comply with the above requirements my application will be rejected **X**

IT IS AN OFFENCE, LIABLE ON CONVICTION TO A FINE UP TO LEVEL 5 ON THE STANDARD SCALE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003 TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION

Part 3 – Signatures (please read guidance note 3)

Signature of applicant or applicant's solicitor or other duly authorised agent (See guidance note 4). **If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.**

Signature



Date **22/08/23**

Capacity **RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY**

Contact name (where not previously given) and postal address for correspondence associated with this application (please read guidance note 5)

David Mullins: Team Manager
Nepshaw Lane South
Morley

Post town

Leeds

Post Code

LS27 7JQ

Telephone number (if any)

If you would prefer us to correspond with you using an e-mail address your e-mail address (optional) david.mullins@wyjs.org.uk

Notes for Guidance

1. The ground(s) for review must be based on one of the licensing objectives.
 2. Please list any additional information or details for example dates of problems which are included in the grounds for review if available.
 3. The application form must be signed.
 4. An applicant's agent (for example solicitor) may sign the form on their behalf provided that they have actual authority to do so.
 5. This is the address which we shall use to correspond with you about this application.
-



WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27.2
Criminal Justice Act 1967, S. 9
Magistrates Courts Act 1980, 5B

Statement of:

Age of witness: (if over 18 enter 'over 18')

Occupation:

This statement (consisting of 2 pages each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false or do not believe to be true.

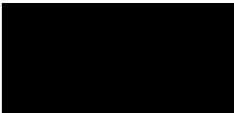
Dated:

Signature: 

I am a Trading Standards Assistant employed by West Yorkshire Trading Standards Service, Nepshaw Lane South, Morley, Leeds, LS27 7JQ. I am an authorised officer for the purposes of the Trade Marks Act 1994, Tobacco and Related Products Regulations 2016, Standardised Packaging of Tobacco Regulations 2015 and The Consumer Rights Act 2015.

On 15th February 2023 I was wearing plain clothes when I attended the premises of **Boozemaster Foodmaster, 284 Leeds Road, Shipley, Bradford, BD18 1DZ** to carry out a test purchase for illegal tobacco. Working behind the counter was a male who I would describe as asian appearance, middle aged, wearing glasses and his head was covered. I approached the counter and asked to purchase a packet of Richmond cigarettes. The male produced a blue packet of cigarettes from his jacket pocket and put them on the counter. He charged me £6.00 for the cigarettes, payment for which

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One side only of this paper should be used.

(Signed) 

Dated 13th March 2023 Page 1 of 2

was placed in the till. I then picked them up and left the store. The cigarettes were sealed in a signed evidence bag and later placed in secure storage.

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One side only of this paper should be used.*

(Signed) 

Dated 13th March 2023 Page 2 of 2

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010911

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27.2
Criminal Justice Act 1967, S. 9
Magistrates Courts Act 1980, 5B

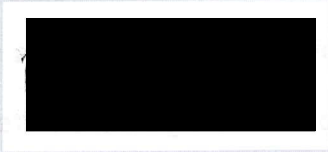
Statement of:

Age of witness: (if over 18 enter 'over 18')

Occupation:

This statement (consisting of 2 pages each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false or do not believe to be true.

Dated:

Signature: 

I am the lead cheap and illicit tobacco officer employed by West Yorkshire Trading Standards Service (WYTSS). I am an authorised officer for the purposes of the Trade Marks Act 1994, the Tobacco and Related Products Regulations 2016, the Standardised Packaging of Tobacco Regulations 2015 and the Consumer Rights Act 2015.

On 20th February 2023, I was in company with Trading Standards and Police officers when I took part in an inspection visit at Boozemaster / Foodmaster, 284 Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1DZ. Working at the store was a male called Mr Jwanro OTHMAN who was served with a notice of powers and rights. Mr OTHMAN stated he owned the business.

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One side only of this paper should be used.

(Signed) ... 

Dated...13/03/23..... Page 1 of 2

010911

WITNESS STATEMENT

**Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27.2
Criminal Justice Act 1967, S. 9
Magistrates Courts Act 1980, 5B**

A search of Mr OTHMAN home address - and a Black Skoda - parked on the drive resulted in illicit tobacco being found in the garden shed and the vehicle.

I visually examined the tobacco products and could see they were not in the standardised format as required by The Standardised Packaging of Tobacco Products Regulations 2015 and were in violation of the Tobacco and Related Products Regulations 2016 as the prescribed health warnings were not present in English. From discrepancies in the packaging on some cigarettes and from the foreign excise stamps present on others it was clear to me the cigarettes were a mix of counterfeit and smuggled items. The total amount seized from his home, shop and 2 vehicles was 20,360 cigarettes (1,018 x 20 packets of cigarettes) 275 x 50g Hand Rolling Tobacco & 185 disposable vapes.

NOTE: *If statements are typed double spacing should be used.
One side only of this paper should be used.*

(Signed) ...



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Dated...13/03/23..... Page 2 of 2
010911

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27.2
Criminal Justice Act 1967, S. 9
Magistrates Courts Act 1980, 5B


Statement of:

Age of witness: (if over 18 enter 'over 18')

Occupation:

This statement (consisting of 2 pages each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false or do not believe to be true.

Dated:

Signature: 

I am a Regulatory Compliance Officer employed by West Yorkshire Trading Standards Service (WYTSS). I am an authorised officer for the purposes of the Trade Marks Act 1994, the Tobacco and Related Products Regulations 2016, the Standardised Packaging of Tobacco Regulations 2015 and the Consumer Rights Act 2015.

On 20th February 2023 I was involved in a joint operation with Trading Standards, West Yorkshire Police (WYP) and Wagtail UK, Specialist tobacco detection dogs. The purpose of the visit was to carry out an inspection following intelligence that illicit tobacco was being sold from the business. I entered the premises of Boozemaster Foodmaster, 284 Leeds Road, Shipley, BD18 1DZ. A Notice

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One side only of this paper should be used.

(Signed) ... 

Dated.....21/02/2023..... Page of

To be completed if applicable:being unable to read the above statement I,of..... read it to him/her before he/she signed it. Signed Dated.....

Continuation Statement of:	Noreen AKHTAR
-----------------------------------	---------------

of Powers & Rights was handed to Mr Jwanro OTHMAN DOB: 18/02/1972, the male behind the counter who said he was the owner of the business.

Mr OTHMAN was asked if there was any illegal tobacco on the premises to which he replied 'you can check'.

Mr OTHMAN was found to have 5 x 20 sealed packs of cigarettes on his person that he claimed were for personal use although they contained different brands. An inspection of the business was carried out and more illicit tobacco was found in a box in the cold room at the rear of Foodmaster. A quantity of over sized vapes and illicit tobacco were seized from the business.

A key found in the shop allowed entry into a Peugeot 306 parked outside. This vehicle was found to contain illicit tobacco which was also seized.

WYP found some nitrous oxide that they seized and agreed a search by consent of his residential property where more illicit tobacco was found and seized.

All the items seized were listed on a Record of Property Seized and a copy of this was left with Mr OTHMAN.

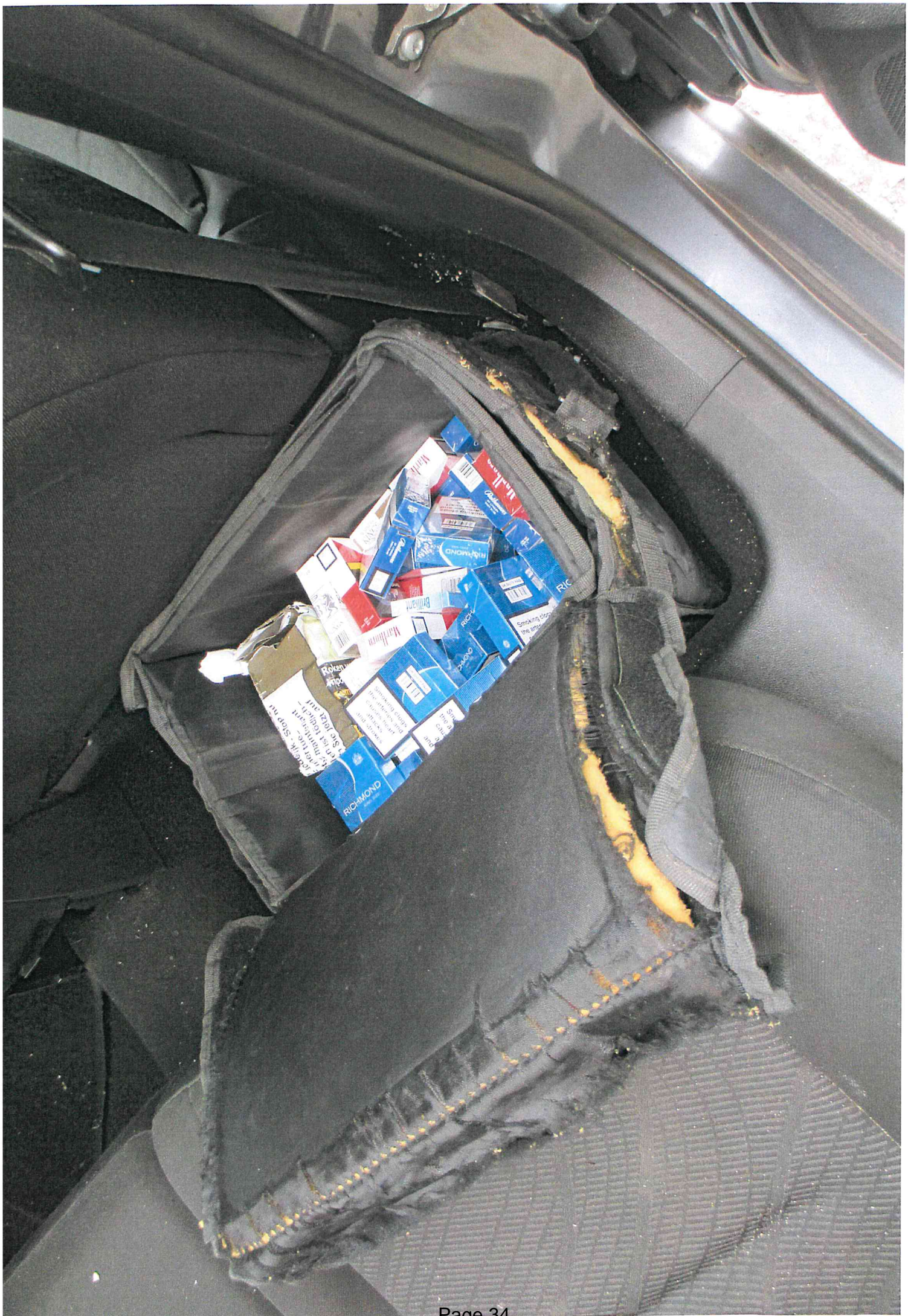
NOTE : *If statements are typed double spacing should be used.* (Signed) ...
One side only of this paper should be used.



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To be completed if applicable:being unable to read the above statement I,of..... read it to him/her before he/she signed it. Signed Dated





BDCM3



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From: J [REDACTED]@gmail.com>
Sent: Friday, September 15, 2023 2:42 PM
To: Licensing Team <Licensing@bradford.gov.uk>
Subject: Booze Master 284 Leeds Rd BD18 1DZ

I'm am emailing to give my unbiased opinion on the issue concerning Booze Masters license. I strongly believe that this establishment should sustain their license and therefore stay open. They house a very comfortable environment and the customer service is immaculate, what I like about Booze Master is that I can come late especially since that most of the other shops in the area are closed. The owner is a great friend to the community and is very professional in his line of work. My family live close to this area and I go there for most of my daily shopping.

[REDACTED]
■ Cliffe Gardens
BD18 3DB

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11. Reviews

The review process

- 11.1 The proceedings set out in the 2003 Act for reviewing premises licences and club premises certificates represent a key protection for the community where problems associated with the licensing objectives occur after the grant or variation of a premises licence or club premises certificate.
- 11.2 At any stage, following the grant of a premises licence or club premises certificate, a responsible authority, or any other person, may ask the licensing authority to review the licence or certificate because of a matter arising at the premises in connection with any of the four licensing objectives.
- 11.3 An application for review may be made electronically, provided that the licensing authority agrees and the applicant submits a subsequent hard copy of the application, if the licensing authority requires one. The licensing authority may also agree in advance that the application need not be given in hard copy. However, these applications are outside the formal electronic application process and may not be submitted via GOV.UK or the licensing authority's electronic facility. The applicant must give notice of the review application to the responsible authorities and holder of the licence or certificate. The licensing authority is required to advertise a review application.
- 11.4 In addition, the licensing authority must review a licence if the premises to which it relates was made the subject of a closure order by the police based on nuisance or disorder and the magistrates' court has sent the authority the relevant notice of its determination, or if the police have made an application for summary review on the basis that premises are associated with serious crime and/or disorder.
- 11.5 Any responsible authority under the 2003 Act may apply for a review of a premises licence or club premises certificate. Therefore, the relevant licensing authority may apply for a review if it is concerned about licensed activities at premises and wants to intervene early without waiting for representations from other persons. However, it is not expected that licensing authorities should normally act as responsible authorities in applying for reviews on behalf of other persons, such as local residents or community groups. These individuals or groups are entitled to apply for a review for a licence or certificate in their own right if they have grounds to do so. It is also reasonable for licensing authorities to expect other responsible authorities to intervene where the basis for the intervention falls within the remit of that other authority. For example, the police should take appropriate steps where the basis for the review is concern about crime and disorder or the sexual exploitation of children. Likewise, where there are concerns about noise nuisance, it is reasonable to expect the local authority exercising environmental health functions for the area in which the premises are situated to make the application for review.
- 11.6 Where the relevant licensing authority does act as a responsible authority and applies for a review, it is important that a separation of responsibilities is still achieved in this process to ensure procedural fairness and eliminate conflicts of interest. As outlined previously in Chapter 9 of this Guidance, the distinct functions of acting as licensing authority and responsible authority should be exercised by different officials to ensure a separation of responsibilities. Further information on how licensing authorities should

achieve this separation of responsibilities can be found in Chapter 9, paragraphs 9.13 to 9.19 of this Guidance.

- 11.7 In every case, any application for a review must relate to particular premises in respect of which there is a premises licence or club premises certificate and must be relevant to the promotion of one or more of the licensing objectives. Following the grant or variation of a licence or certificate, a complaint regarding a general issue in the local area relating to the licensing objectives, such as a general (crime and disorder) situation in a town centre, should generally not be regarded as relevant unless it can be positively tied or linked by a causal connection to particular premises, which would allow for a proper review of the licence or certificate. For instance, a geographic cluster of complaints, including along transport routes related to an individual public house and its closing time, could give grounds for a review of an existing licence as well as direct incidents of crime and disorder around a particular public house.
- 11.8 Where a licensing authority receives a geographic cluster of complaints, consideration may be given as whether these issues are the result of the cumulative impact of licensed premises within the area concerned. In such circumstances, the licensing authority may be asked to consider whether it would be appropriate to publish a cumulative impact assessment. Further guidance on cumulative impact assessments can be found in Chapter 14 of this Guidance.
- 11.9 Responsible authorities and other persons may make representations in respect of an application to review a premises licence or club premises certificate. They must be relevant (i.e., relate to one or more of the licensing objectives) and, in the case of other persons, must not be frivolous or vexatious. Representations must be made in writing and may be amplified at the subsequent hearing or may stand in their own right. Additional representations which do not amount to an amplification of the original representation may not be made at the hearing. Representations may be made electronically, provided the licensing authority agrees and the applicant submits a subsequent hard copy, unless the licensing authority waives this requirement.
- 11.10 Where authorised persons and responsible authorities have concerns about problems identified at premises, it is good practice for them to give licence holders early warning of their concerns and the need for improvement, and where possible they should advise the licence or certificate holder of the steps they need to take to address those concerns. A failure by the holder to respond to such warnings is expected to lead to a decision to apply for a review. Co-operation at a local level in promoting the licensing objectives should be encouraged and reviews should not be used to undermine this co-operation.
- 11.11 If the application for a review has been made by a person other than a responsible authority (for example, a local resident, residents' association, local business or trade association), before taking action the licensing authority must first consider whether the complaint being made is relevant, frivolous, vexatious or repetitious. Further guidance on determining whether a representation is frivolous or vexatious can be found in Chapter 9 of this Guidance (paragraphs 9.4 to 9.10).

Repetitious grounds of review

- 11.12 A repetitious ground is one that is identical or substantially similar to:

- a ground for review specified in an earlier application for review made in relation to the same premises licence or certificate which has already been determined; or
 - representations considered by the licensing authority when the premises licence or certificate was granted; or
 - representations which would have been made when the application for the premises licence was first made and which were excluded then by reason of the prior issue of a provisional statement; and, in addition to the above grounds, a reasonable interval has not elapsed since that earlier review or grant.
- 11.13 Licensing authorities are expected to be aware of the need to prevent attempts to review licences merely as a further means of challenging the grant of the licence following the failure of representations to persuade the licensing authority on an earlier occasion. It is for licensing authorities themselves to judge what should be regarded as a reasonable interval in these circumstances. However, it is recommended that more than one review originating from a person other than a responsible authority in relation to a particular premises should not be permitted within a 12 month period on similar grounds save in compelling circumstances or where it arises following a closure order or illegal working compliance order.
- 11.14 The exclusion of a complaint on the grounds that it is repetitious does not apply to responsible authorities which may make more than one application for a review of a licence or certificate within a 12 month period.
- 11.15 When a licensing authority receives an application for a review from a responsible authority or any other person, or in accordance with the closure procedures described in Part 8 of the 2003 Act (for example, closure orders), it must arrange a hearing. The arrangements for the hearing must follow the provisions set out in regulations. These regulations are published on the Government's legislation website (www.legislation.gov.uk). It is particularly important that the premises licence holder is made fully aware of any representations made in respect of the premises, any evidence supporting the representations and that the holder or the holder's legal representative has therefore been able to prepare a response.

Powers of a licensing authority on the determination of a review

- 11.16 The 2003 Act provides a range of powers for the licensing authority which it may exercise on determining a review where it considers them appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- 11.17 The licensing authority may decide that the review does not require it to take any further steps appropriate to promoting the licensing objectives. In addition, there is nothing to prevent a licensing authority issuing an informal warning to the licence holder and/or to recommend improvement within a particular period of time. It is expected that licensing authorities will regard such informal warnings as an important mechanism for ensuring that the licensing objectives are effectively promoted and that warnings should be issued in writing to the licence holder.
- 11.18 However, where responsible authorities such as the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement – either orally or in writing – that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to address concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach and should take this into account

when considering what further action is appropriate. Similarly, licensing authorities may take into account any civil immigration penalties which a licence holder has been required to pay for employing an illegal worker.

- 11.19 Where the licensing authority considers that action under its statutory powers is appropriate, it may take any of the following steps:
- modify the conditions of the premises licence (which includes adding new conditions or any alteration or omission of an existing condition), for example, by reducing the hours of opening or by requiring door supervisors at particular times;
 - exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence, for example, to exclude the performance of live music or playing of recorded music (where it is not within the incidental live and recorded music exemption)¹⁰;
 - remove the designated premises supervisor, for example, because they consider that the problems are the result of poor management;
 - suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
 - revoke the licence.
- 11.20 In deciding which of these powers to invoke, it is expected that licensing authorities should so far as possible seek to establish the cause or causes of the concerns that the representations identify. The remedial action taken should generally be directed at these causes and should always be no more than an appropriate and proportionate response to address the causes of concern that instigated the review.
- 11.21 For example, licensing authorities should be alive to the possibility that the removal and replacement of the designated premises supervisor may be sufficient to remedy a problem where the cause of the identified problem directly relates to poor management decisions made by that individual.
- 11.22 Equally, it may emerge that poor management is a direct reflection of poor company practice or policy and the mere removal of the designated premises supervisor may be an inadequate response to the problems presented. Indeed, where subsequent review hearings are generated, it should be rare merely to remove a succession of designated premises supervisors as this would be a clear indication of deeper problems that impact upon the licensing objectives.
- 11.23 Licensing authorities should also note that modifications of conditions and exclusions of licensable activities may be imposed either permanently or for a temporary period of up to three months. Temporary changes or suspension of the licence for up to three months could impact on the business holding the licence financially and would only be expected to be pursued as an appropriate means of promoting the licensing objectives or preventing illegal working. So, for instance, a licence could be suspended for a weekend as a means of deterring the holder from allowing the problems that gave rise to the review to happen again. However, it will always be important that any detrimental financial impact that may result from a licensing authority's decision is appropriate and proportionate to the promotion of the licensing objectives and for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. But where premises are found to be trading irresponsibly, the licensing authority should not hesitate, where appropriate to do so, to take tough

¹⁰ See chapter 16 in relation to the licensing of live and recorded music.

action to tackle the problems at the premises and, where other measures are deemed insufficient, to revoke the licence.

Reviews arising in connection with crime

- 11.24 A number of reviews may arise in connection with crime that is not directly connected with licensable activities. For example, reviews may arise because of drugs problems at the premises, money laundering by criminal gangs, the sale of contraband or stolen goods, the sale of firearms, or the sexual exploitation of children. Licensing authorities do not have the power to judge the criminality or otherwise of any issue. This is a matter for the courts. The licensing authority's role when determining such a review is not therefore to establish the guilt or innocence of any individual but to ensure the promotion of the crime prevention objective.
- 11.25 Reviews are part of the regulatory process introduced by the 2003 Act and they are not part of criminal law and procedure. There is, therefore, no reason why representations giving rise to a review of a premises licence need be delayed pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings. Some reviews will arise after the conviction in the criminal courts of certain individuals, but not all. In any case, it is for the licensing authority to determine whether the problems associated with the alleged crimes are taking place on the premises and affecting the promotion of the licensing objectives. Where a review follows a conviction, it would also not be for the licensing authority to attempt to go beyond any finding by the courts, which should be treated as a matter of undisputed evidence before them.
- 11.26 Where the licensing authority is conducting a review on the grounds that the premises have been used for criminal purposes, its role is solely to determine what steps should be taken in connection with the premises licence, for the promotion of the crime prevention objective. It is important to recognise that certain criminal activity or associated problems may be taking place or have taken place despite the best efforts of the licence holder and the staff working at the premises and despite full compliance with the conditions attached to the licence. In such circumstances, the licensing authority is still empowered to take any appropriate steps to remedy the problems. The licensing authority's duty is to take steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives and the prevention of illegal working in the interests of the wider community and not those of the individual licence holder.
- 11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:
- for the sale and distribution of drugs controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 and the laundering of the proceeds of drugs crime;
 - for the sale and distribution of illegal firearms;
 - for the evasion of copyright in respect of pirated or unlicensed films and music, which does considerable damage to the industries affected;
 - for the illegal purchase and consumption of alcohol by minors which impacts on the health, educational attainment, employment prospects and propensity for crime of young people;
 - for prostitution or the sale of unlawful pornography;
 - by organised groups of paedophiles to groom children;
 - as the base for the organisation of criminal activity, particularly by gangs;

- for the organisation of racist activity or the promotion of racist attacks;
- for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;
- for unlawful gambling; and
- for the sale or storage of smuggled tobacco and alcohol.

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered.

Review of a premises licence following closure order or illegal working compliance order

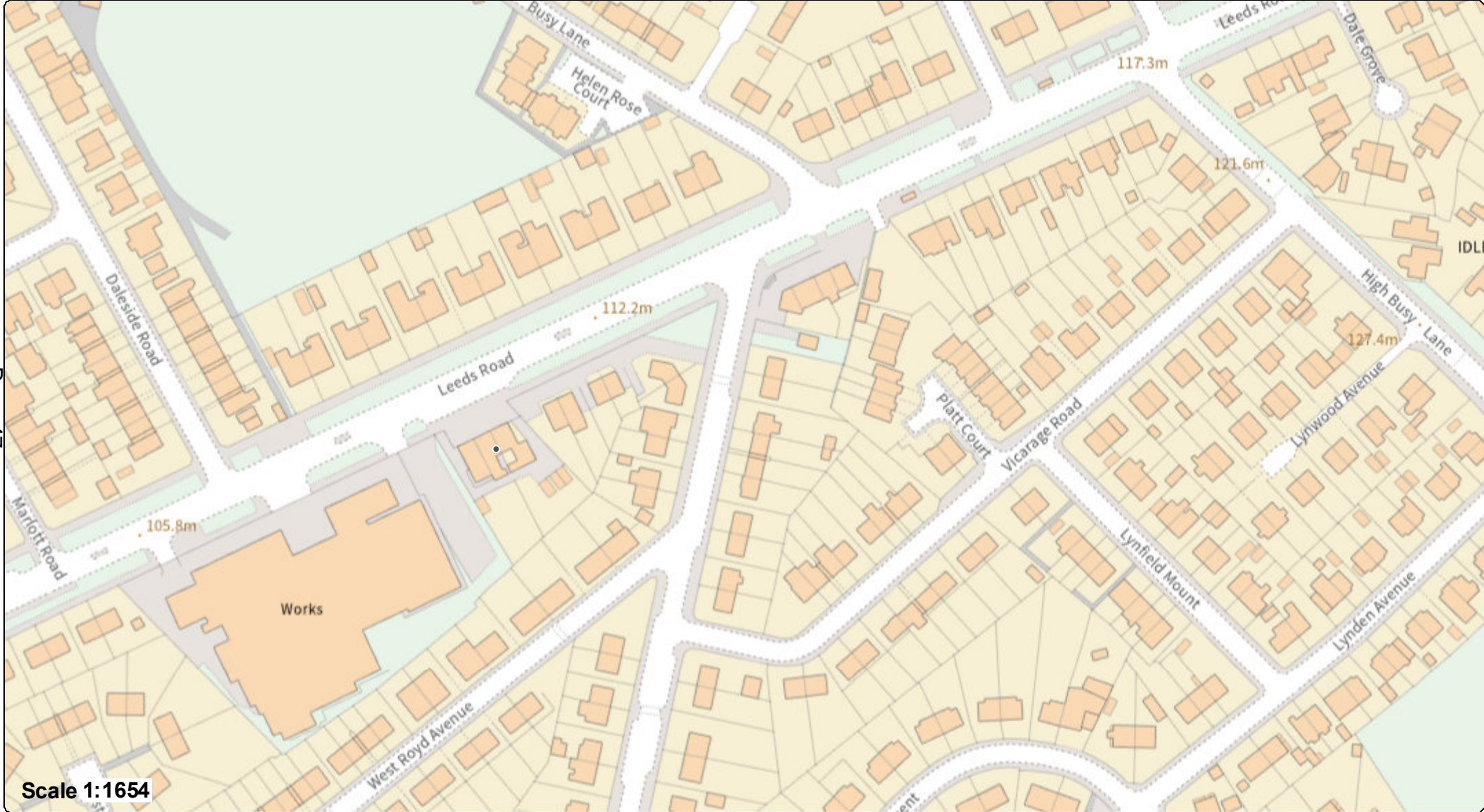
11.29 Licensing authorities are subject to certain timescales, set out in the legislation, for the review of a premises licence following a closure order under section 80 of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 or an illegal working compliance order under section 38 of and Schedule 6 to the Immigration Act 2016. The relevant time periods run concurrently and are as follows:

- when the licensing authority receives notice that a magistrates' court has made a closure order it has 28 days to determine the licence review – the determination must be made before the expiry of the 28th day after the day on which the notice is received;
- the hearing must be held within ten working days, the first of which is the day after the day the notice from the magistrates' court is received;
- notice of the hearing must be given no later than five working days before the first hearing day (there must be five clear working days between the giving of the notice and the start of the hearing).

Review of a premises licence following persistent sales of alcohol to children

11.29 The Government recognises that the majority of licensed premises operate responsibly and undertake due diligence checks on those who appear to be under the age of 18 at the point of sale (or 21 and 25 where they operate a Challenge 21 or 25 scheme). Where these systems are in place, licensing authorities may wish to take a proportionate approach in cases where there have been two sales of alcohol within very quick succession of one another (e.g., where a new cashier has not followed policy and conformed with a store's age verification procedures). However, where persistent sales of alcohol to children have occurred at premises, and it is apparent that those managing the premises do not operate a responsible policy or have not exercised appropriate due diligence, responsible authorities should consider taking steps to ensure that a review of the licence is the norm in these circumstances. This is particularly the case where there has been a prosecution for the offence under section 147A or a closure notice has been given under section 169A of the 2003 Act. In determining the review, the licensing authority should consider revoking the licence if it considers this appropriate.

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